



Flanders  
State of the Art

The background of the cover features a dark blue field with three glowing purple rectangular patterns, each containing a 2x3 grid of small dots. A hand is visible on the right side, pointing towards the patterns. The text 'NANOTECHNOLOGY SECTOR' is written in white, bold, sans-serif font, slanted upwards from left to right, and underlined.

# NANOTECHNOLOGY SECTOR

# IN IRAN

FLANDERS INVESTMENT & TRADE MARKET SURVEY

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AN OVERVIEW OF THE  
NANOTECHNOLOGY SECTOR IN  
IRAN

20.02.2020

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## 1. HISTORY & BACKGROUND

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The Islamic Republic of Iran has adopted a comprehensive approach in nanotechnology development aiming at creating wealth relying on this emerging technology. As a result, Iran has been able to achieve a sizable share in local and international markets. Timely entrance into the field accompanied with a focus on an endogenous development model in science and technology development has also prepared the grounds for actualization of this objective. Nanotechnology has had, and will have a great impact on all industries worldwide through improving the existing products and creating new ones.

Contribution to the global advancements in this field is possible for Iranian scientists through enhancing their technological knowledge, being focused, and continuing their efforts. Policymaking for nanotechnology development in Iran was initiated in 2001. The Iran Nanotechnology Innovation Council (INIC) was established in 2003 to ensure coordination and synergy among all institutions and agencies involved in nanotechnology development. In August 2005, the 'Future Strategy Plan' (a ten-year strategy for nanotechnology development in Iran 2005-15) was approved by the government.

With the implementation of the future strategy plan and its three supplementary phases until 2018, Iran was ranked fourth in the world in nano-science production and nowadays, this industry enjoys over 29 thousand researchers. On the other hand, more than 460 thousand students are trained in nanotechnology development. Also, 181 companies produce 447 nanotechnology related products and equipment. 65 companies are also providing business development services to diffuse nanotechnology into industry. After the implementation of the 'Future Strategy Plan', the second plan for ten-year nanotechnology development (2015-25) was prepared in 2015 and operated since the second half of the same year.

## 2. POLICIES & STRATEGIES

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Nanotechnology development policymaking and planning is focused on designing a practical and applicable model. In this line, it is tried to provide the structured programs for all rings of the value chain from science and technology development towards commercialization and market development. In addition, operational programs are continuously kept up-to-date based on contingencies and requirements of different time periods. Some of the programs implemented during the past decade are as follows:

- networking more than 81 research laboratories from academia and private sector in the form of a Nanotechnology Laboratory Network. In this network over 1660 advanced laboratory services were provided to researchers and engineers;
- hosting more than 100 nanotechnology startups in incubators and technology parks;
- hosting technology development service providers in the Tech-Market Services Institute (Corridor);
- creating a student laboratories network (TAVANA network) containing 66 labs located in student research institutes across the country;

- supporting intellectual property service provider companies;
- establishing the Expert Committee on Food and Drug Administration to assess nano health products including pharmaceuticals, medical equipment, cosmetics and hygiene products, foodstuff, and beverages.

Some nanotechnology achievements in priority areas including health, water and environment, energy, and construction are as follows:

- Karun river water treatment to produce drinking water;
- removing heavy metals from water;
- sugarcane industry wastewater treatment plants;
- producing industrial power plant filters to improve productivity in the power industry;
- producing nano-medicine, especially anti-retroviral ones;
- producing materials and equipment used in construction industry such as concretes, paints, pipes, and resistant plastics.



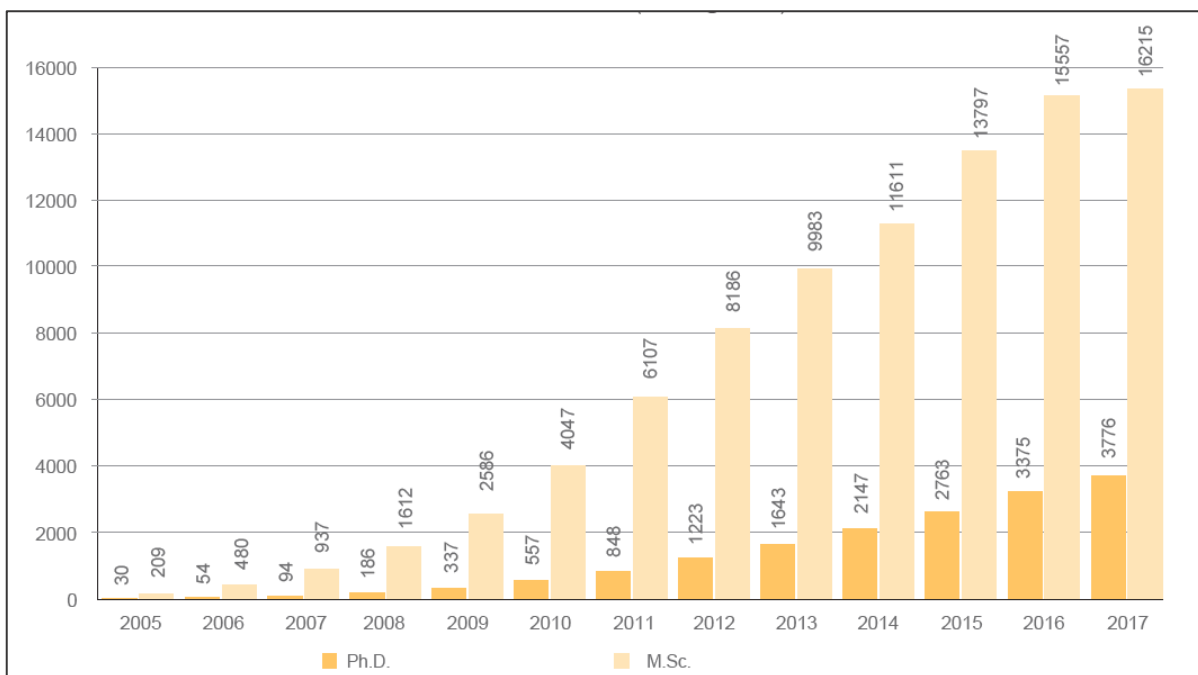
### 3. CAPABILITIES & CAPACITIES

#### A. Human Resource

According to a study conducted in 2000 on the country’s human resource status, the number of researchers involved in nanotechnology was not more than a dozen and just eight papers were published in a year. After the formation of the Iran Nanotechnology Initiative Council, the nanotechnology sector witnessed a dramatic increase in the number of researchers, publication of more than 29000 ISI articles, and involvement of 2600 active faculty members. Also, during the last decade, 263 universities or research centers have been involved in the field of nanotechnology.

Iranian universities and research institutes have conducted over 3700 nanotechnology-related doctoral dissertations and more than 16,200 master’s theses over the years. The following figure shows the number of Iranian nanotechnology graduates per year since 2005.

Number of Nano University Graduates



Source: Iranian Technology and Innovation Development Institute, 2019



## Some Achievements

Here, some leading products and equipment are introduced as follows:

- **Electro Spinning Unit (Nano Fiber Production)**

Applications of electro spinning units include filtration, ballistic resistant coatings, biomedical, medical prostheses, wound dressing and drug delivery and pharmaceutical compounds. The product advantages compared to other available samples include reliability, user-friendliness, and sustainability, as well as higher accuracy, performance and production rates.



*Industrial Equipment for Nanofibers Production Line*

Source: Iranian Technology and Innovation Development Institute, 2019

- **Nano Cavitation System**

The device has a unique technology with a variety of applications in the areas of water and wastewater treatment such as water disinfection, removal of chemical contaminants, heavy metals, etc. Cavizone technology works based on advanced oxidation process. This technology has employed ozone injection methods, hydrodynamic cavitation and electrochemical oxidation to kill bacteria and remove biofilm, organic matter and heavy metal oxide from different water and wastewater.

When water is in the cycle of cavizone process, the cell walls of bacteria are decomposed and heavy metals are oxidized and prepared for final treatment. Cavizone technology consists of three efficient oxidation processes that introduce an affordable and efficient technology compared to other alternative technologies. These three processes include hydrodynamic nano cavitation, injection of nano-ozone and electrochemical oxidation. Some product highlights are as follows:

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- **SinaDoxosome (Doxorubicin Hydrochloride Liposome Injection)**

SinaDoxosome is a liposomal drug delivery system containing doxorubicin hydrochloride applicable to treat cancers of breast, ovary, AIDS-related Kaposi, leukemia, etc. Heart attack is one of the dangerous side effects of doxorubicin. Therefore, a 100 nm nanoliposomes is used to reduce its side effects. Nanoliposomes also increase the durability of the drug in the body and leave the immune system intact due to the use of polymer coatings on the surface of the particles.

Product benefits include high efficacy and low side effects, especially, reduced cardiotoxicity compared with doxorubicin hydrochloride usage.

- **SinaCurcumin (Soft Gelatin Capsules Containing Curcumin Nanomicelles)**

Curcumin (Diferuloylmethane) is a polyphenol of category D Aryl Heptanoid. This substance is the active part of *Curcuma Longa*, a perennial plant known as turmeric. Generally, anti-oxidant, cancer prevention and anti-inflammatory properties are among the biggest biological effects of turmeric and curcumin. As a potent anti-inflammatory product, it is used in the following conditions:

- arthritis (osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis);
- gastrointestinal inflammation (Crohn's disease, gastritis, irritable bowel syndrome and ulcerative colitis);
- inflammation of the mouth (gingivitis, stomatitis, etc.);
- inflammation of the skin (psoriasis, eczema and ulcers, etc.);
- prevention and reduction of cancers;
- side effects of chemotherapy and radiotherapy;
- an effective supplement in patients with depression;
- powerful antioxidants and beneficial supplement for healthy cardiovascular system (anti-platelet aggregation, lowering cholesterol, LDL, etc.);
- improved liver function (fatty liver adjuvant therapy and prevention of progressive liver disease, etc.);
- treatment and prevention of diabetes complications (diabetic neuropathy and retinopathy, etc.).

Advantages compared to similar products include absolute absorption of curcumin by spherical nanomicelles which increase curcumin solubility in water.

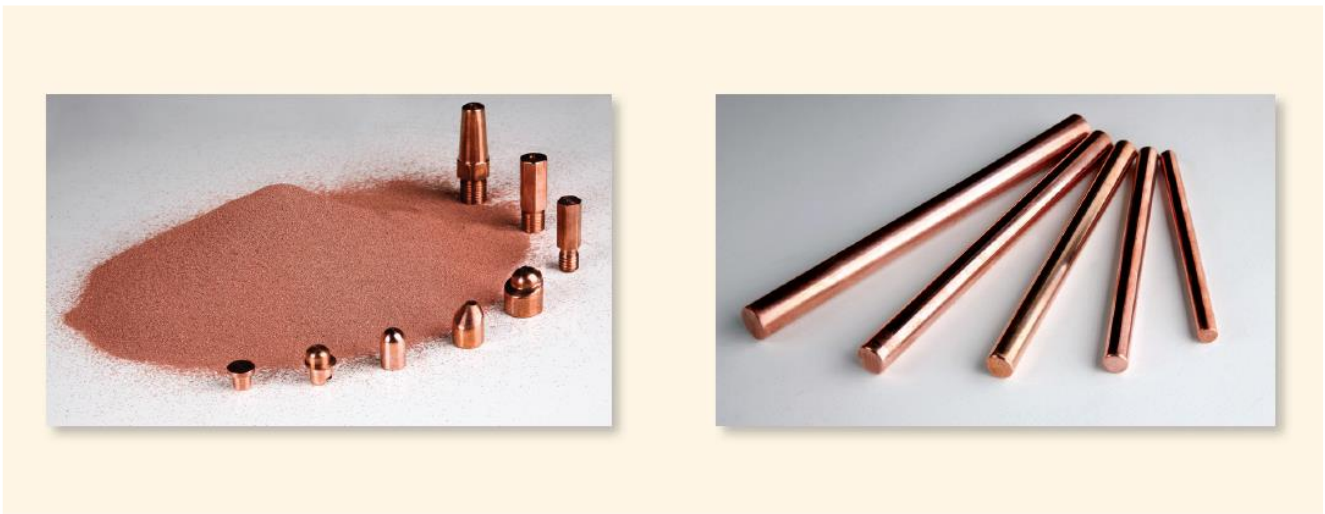






*Nano-Masterbatch*

*Nano Composite Profiles*



*Welding Nozzle and Copper Alumina*

*Alumina-Copper Bar*

Source: Iranian Technology & Innovation Development Institute, 2019



## 4. AUTHORITIES

### B. Iran Nano Technology Innovation Council

The Iran Nanotechnology Innovation Council (INIC) is responsible to determine and supervise the implementation of the general policies to develop nanotechnology in the country. INIC's main mission is to enable Iran to achieve a proper place among the 15 advanced countries in nanotechnology and leverage nanotechnology in the economic development of the country. By providing facilities, creating market and removing the impeding obstacles, the Iran Nanotechnology Innovation Council aims to pave the road for private sector activity and generation of wealth in the country. In summary INIC tasks include:

- setting goals, strategies, macro-scale policies and national initiatives to develop nanotechnology in the country;
- assigning general tasks to governmental bodies, determining missions for each sector and making coordination among them within the framework of a long term national plan;
- supervising actualization of goals and programs.

Various institutions with defined strategies and working plans follow the targets of INIC as summarized in the next sections.

### C. Other Authorities

#### Tech-Market Services Institute (Corridor)

The Tech-Market Services Institute (Corridor) was established with the aim of accelerating commercialization process and developing new technologies. The corridor already includes the following sections:

- Evaluation Department for Nanotechnology Products and Companies

Assessing nanotechnology companies' eligibility, evaluating nanoproducts in terms of stability of the nanomaterial structure and its properties, and granting certificates are among the main missions of this department.

- Commercialization Service Development Department

This department aims to identify technology development services, expand links with brokers and institutions, and monitor the quality of the provided services.

#### Iran Patent Office

Having focused on the importance of intellectual property as one of the important infrastructures of technology development, the Intellectual Property Department affiliated to the "Iran Nanotechnology Innovation Council" started its activity in 2005, and since 2014 as the "Iran Patent Office" has undertaken the responsibilities related to the field of intellectual property in all areas of science and technology under supervision of the "Vice-Presidency for Science and Technology".

## **Tech-Export Services Corridor**

This office supports companies to reach international export markets by providing export development services. It also backs firms by direct supervision on the quality of services provided by specialized firms (brokers) in each field.

## **Iran Nanotechnology Standardization Committee**

Recognizing the importance and role of standardization in nanotechnology development and commercialization and in line with objectives of the National Nanotechnology Program including wealth creation and life quality improvement, the “Iran Nanotechnology Standardization Committee (INSC)” was established by the Iran Nanotechnology Innovation Council (INIC) in 2006. INSC consists of three specialized working groups and serves as mirror committee of ISO/TC229. Its main objectives include sustainable, safe and responsible development of nanotechnology while enjoying its benefits and protecting human health and environment. INSC has successfully accomplished to:

- develop 66 national standards;
- publish 4 international standards in ISO/TC229;
- establish Iran Nanosafety Network (INSN);
- implement National Nanometrology System;
- promote nanotechnology standardization and nanosafety.

## **Iran Nanosafety Network**

Focusing on health, safety and environment in the field of nanotechnology and making a collaboration platform for researchers and related institutions, the “Iran Nanosafety Network” was founded to convoke the researchers and their activities in nanosafety within the framework of the network programs. For more information, see [www.nanosafety.ir](http://www.nanosafety.ir).

## **Joint Nanometrology Strategic Committee**

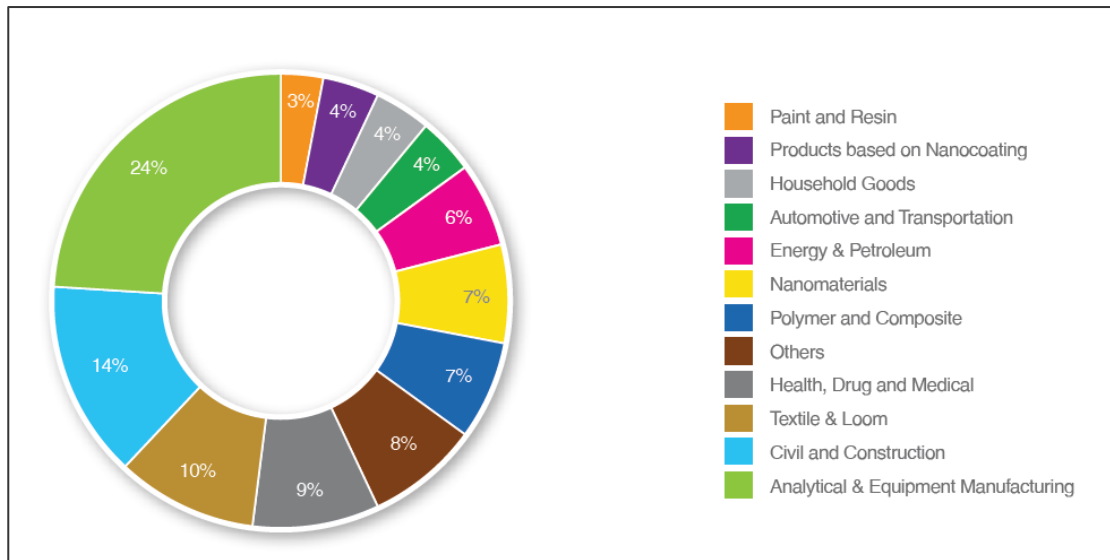
This committee was established in close collaboration with the Institute of Standards and Industrial Research of Iran (ISIRI) and they jointly published a national nanometrology plan. The National Nanometrology System was implemented to institutionalize a dynamic and continuous development of nanometrology and secure national and international credibility in nano-measurements.

## **D. Companies**

There are more than 129 nanotech-based startups and more than 181 companies with nanotechnology product manufacturing activities. The following figures display activity areas of nanotechnology startups and nanotechnology products, respectively.

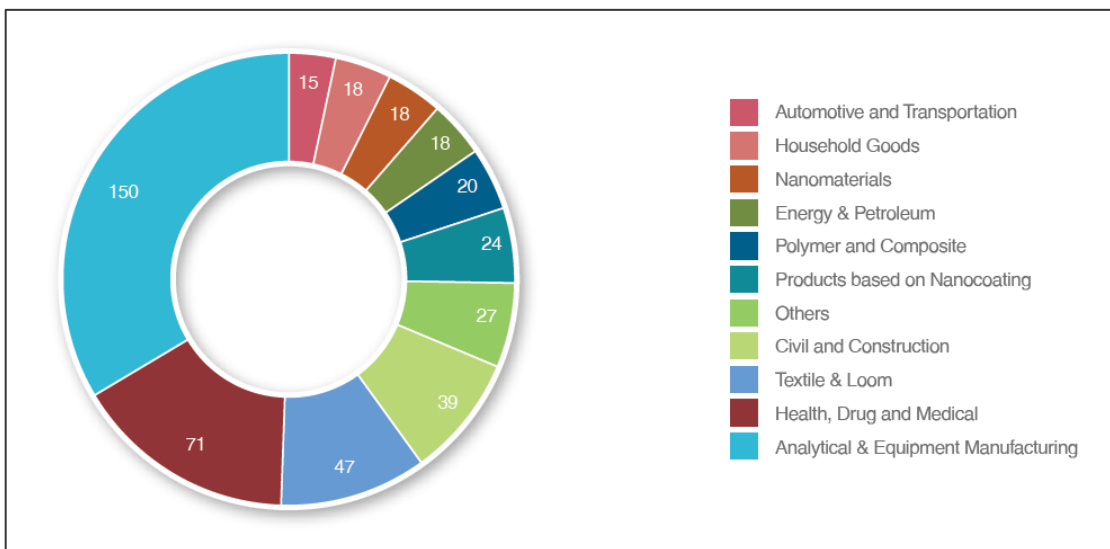


### Activities Areas of Nano Startups



Source: Iranian Technology and Innovation Development Institute, 2019

### Nanotechnology Products



Source: nanoproducts.ir (Dec. 2016)



## 5. INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

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The active participation of Iran's nanotechnology companies in credible international exhibitions has paved the way for them to develop technological and commercial interactions with international partners. Currently, several Iranian nanotechnology companies are successfully exporting their knowledge-based products to other countries. On the other hand, active presence of the country in local and regional networks such as the 'Asia Nano Forum' (ANF) has made it possible for Iranian companies to collaborate with the international nanotechnology community at policymaking and public sector levels. Also, at high decision-making levels, one can refer to bilateral cooperation agreements with countries such as China, Thailand, South Korea and Russia in areas like education, standards, certification, joint research and development as well as commercial interactions.

The Iran's Nanotechnology Community, led by INIC, fiercely pursues bilateral or multilateral international collaborative initiatives in the following areas:

- running international cooperation in scientific, educational, technological, and commercial levels as well as standardizing and policymaking;
- cooperating in nanotechnology training at different levels, joint research and development (R&D), researcher exchange, knowledge and experience exchange, joint standard development, technology transfer, and joint investment with international companies and institutions;
- making mutual commercial agreements to certify nanotechnology products and facilitate their transactions.

*Source: Iranian Technology and Innovation Development Institute*

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