

2016년 2월 4일부터
수입 축산물 제도,
이렇게 달라집니다

*Import Policy for Livestock Products
Will Change as February 4, 2016.*

| 수입식품안전관리 특별법





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2. Enforcement Rules of the Special Act on Imported Food Safety Management [Enclosed Form No.16] Application for Registration (Updating) of Foreign Establishments
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01

Import Sanitation Assessment for Livestock Products



When a Foreign Country Wants to Export a New Livestock Product to the Republic of Korea, It Must Go Through the Import Approval Process of Import Sanitation Assessment.

Q1. What Are the Changes in Import Procedures for Livestock Products?

Answer

The system of import sanitation assessment will take effect from February 4, 2016. When trying to import livestock products in Article 2, Section 2 of the Livestock Products Sanitary Control Act, to the Republic of Korea for the first time, import can be carried out only after they are allowed through the import sanitation assessment procedures.

Among livestock products for human consumption, meat which has a risk for spreading animal diseases and unsterilized meat products, etc. ('designated quarantine objects' according to 「the Act on the Prevention of Contagious Animal Diseases」) shall be allowed for import after their import is approved based on both the import risk assessment conducted by the Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs (MAFRA) and the import sanitation assessment carried out by the Ministry of Food and Drug Safety (MFDS).

- Items subject to import sanitation assessment pursuant to 「the Special Act on Imported Food Safety Management」
 - meat, raw milk,, edible eggs, meat products, milk products and egg products
- Items subject to import risk analysis pursuant to 「the Act on the Prevention of Contagious Animal Diseases」 (Designated Quarantine Objects)
 - meat, raw milk, non-sterilized meat products, etc.

* Please contact relevant authorities (divisions) for further details.

(Import sanitation assessment) Ministry of Food and Drug Safety, Livestock Products Sanitation Division

(Import risk assessment) Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs, Quarantine Policy Division & Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency, Import Risk Assessment Division



Q2. What Is 'Import Sanitation Assessment' of Livestock Products?

Answer

'Import sanitation assessment' is a system that determines whether an import should be permitted based on the evaluation of sanitation management system for livestock products in the country that wants to export livestock products to the Republic of Korea.

The import sanitation assessment can be carried out when the government of an exporting country makes an initial request for import permission for livestock products that it desires to export, or when it is considered as necessary according to the changes in the standards of the international organizations such as CODEX Alimentarius Commission, etc. or changes made in the exporting country's system after the import has been allowed, affecting the safety of livestock products.

Q3. What are the Procedures for Import Sanitation Assessment?

Answer

| Assessment procedures and subjects of evaluation are as follows:



| Subjects of Assessment

| Category | Kinds of Livestock Products | Evaluation Content |
|------------------------|--|---|
| Subjects of Assessment | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Meat and its products · Raw milk and its products · Edible eggs and egg products | Operation of livestock products sanitary laws and relevant government organizations; sanitation management of establishments (SSOP, HACCP, etc.); control system for harmful residues, pathogenic microorganisms, etc., sanitation management system of the exporting country such as management of test laboratories, etc. |



Q4. When Will the System of Import Sanitation Assessment Take Effect?

Answer

The system of import sanitation assessment will be effective from February 4, 2016, the effective date of the Special Act on Imported Food Safety Management¹ (hereinafter referred to as the Special Act).

Therefore, beginning February 4, 2016, livestock products that are not allowed for import to the Republic of Korea must not be imported without the import sanitation assessment.

Q5. If a Livestock Product Has a History of Import Prior to the Enforcement of the Special Act, Does It Need to Receive the Newly Established Sanitation Assessment Again?

Answer

Livestock products of a country or region that have been allowed for import according to 「the Livestock Products Sanitary Control Act」 and the Act on the Prevention of Contagious Animal Diseases」 before the effective date of the Special Act are considered to be allowed for import in this Act.

Countries and kinds of livestock products that are allowed for import are noted in the Appendix 「Countries (Regions) Allowed for Import of Livestock Products and Import Health Requirements」(MFDS Notice No. 2016-9), and the assessment will be carried out based on the 40 categories in the classification of all kinds of livestock products (3 groups, 40 categories, and 110 types).

* Attachment 1: MFDS Notice 「Countries (Regions) Allowed for Import of Livestock Products and Import Health Requirements [Appendix]



Q 6. What Are the Differences From the Existing Import Risk Assessment Conducted by the Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs?

Answer

Beginning March 2013, the Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs is in charge of the area for animal diseases, and the Ministry of Food and Drug Safety is in charge of the sanitation of livestock products.

Before the enforcement of the Special Act on Imported Food Safety Management¹⁾, areas of animal diseases and sanitation of livestock products were evaluated simultaneously under the supervision of the Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs. However, with the enforcement of the Special Act, the Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs and the Ministry of Food and Drug Safety will each be responsible for their corresponding areas and conduct evaluations.

Because import sanitation assessment is to analyze the safety of livestock products, the assessment will be carried out for livestock products such as cheese, butter, etc. as well, unlike the import risk assessment which is focused on animal diseases.

02

Registration of Establishment and Onsite Inspection



[Beginning February 4, 2016, Foreign Establishments Must Be Registered Before Reporting the Import of Livestock Products in Order to Allow the Import of Corresponding Livestock Products.](#)

Q 1. When Will the Foreign Establishment Registration System Take Effect?

Answer

The foreign establishment registration system will be effective from February 4, 2016 pursuant to the Special Act.

However, to support its stable operation, import declaration without registration of foreign establishments will be allowed by August 3, 2016. But beginning August 4, 2016, livestock products from a non-registered foreign establishment will not be allowed for declaring the import.

(1) For the designated quarantine objects such as meat, etc., an applicant should ask the MFDS and MAFRA for the registration(or approval) of foreign establishment independently.

* Export is available only when the registration and approval of foreign establishment are completed to both the departments.

(2) For livestock products such as sterilized meat products, milk products, and egg products other than the designated quarantine objects, the applicant only needs to ask the MFDS for the registration of foreign establishment.

(3) Provided that the information registered such as the name of foreign establishment, location, or EST number, etc. is changed, or cancellation for the registration of foreign establishment needs to be requested, the applicant should follow the procedures in the above clauses (1) and (2).



Q2. What are the Procedures for Registering a Foreign Establishment?

Answer

To register as a foreign establishment, it must be an establishment located in a country that is allowed for import of the corresponding livestock product(s).

* Please refer to the Attachment 1 for countries/items that are allowed for import.

Foreign establishments intending to export livestock products to the Republic of Korea must fill out the Enclosed Form No. 16 in the Enforcement Rules of the Special Act (Attachment 2) and make a request to the government of the Republic of Korea (the Ministry of Food and Drug Safety) for a registration of foreign establishment through the government of the exporting country (authorities for livestock products sanitation).

* Attachment 2: Application for Registration (Updating) of Foreign Establishments

* If it is necessary for registration, documents such as those listed below may be requested.

1. Document that verifies regular management and supervision of the corresponding foreign establishment by the exporting country's government, or an inspection checklist completed by the exporting country's government according to the inspection standards defined and notified by the Minister of MFDS.
2. Copy of the approval and licensing document regarding the business of foreign establishment that is certified by the exporting country's government.
3. For establishments that adopt standards corresponding to the HACCP pursuant to 「the Livestock Products Sanitary Control Act」, the summary of the HACCP plan and a copy of the work process chart indicating critical control points (CCP).
4. For establishments that do not adopt standards corresponding to the HACCP pursuant to the 「Livestock Products Sanitary Control Act」, the summary of the sanitation standard operating procedures (SSOP) in the pertinent establishment and a copy of the work process chart.
5. Any other documents considered as necessary by the Minister of the MFDS to ensure the safety of livestock products.

For designated quarantine objects including meat, etc., because they also need to receive the approval of foreign establishment from the Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs (MAFRA), requests must be made to both the MAFRA and the MFDS.

Registration of a foreign establishment shall be determined through a review of document or onsite inspection. In case there is a separate method of registration that is agreed between the countries, registration may be carried out according to the agreed method.



Q 3. If a Foreign Establishment Has Been Exporting to the Republic of Korea Before the Special Act Was Enforced, Does It Still Need to Register?

Answer

Foreign establishments that are approved according to the Act on the Prevention of Contagious Animal Diseases¹, or have a history of export to the Republic of Korea pursuant to the Livestock Products Sanitary Control Act², do not need to separately register again.

* List of such establishments will be announced in a near future.

However, foreign establishments exporting livestock products to the Republic of Korea for the first time between February 4, 2016, effective date of the Special Act, and August 3, 2016, a period during which import declaration can be made without registering establishments, must be registered.

Even if there is a history of export to the Republic of Korea between February 4, 2016 and August 3, 2016, it would not be considered as having registered pursuant to the Special Act. Thus, if corresponding establishments are not registered during the same period, livestock products of the corresponding establishments will not be permitted to report their import from August 4, 2016.

Q 4. How Is It Different From the Approval of Foreign Establishment Executed By the Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs?

Answer

While the Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs (MAFRA) conducts the system for approval of foreign establishment to control animal diseases pursuant to the Act on the Prevention of Contagious Animal Diseases¹, the Ministry of Food and Drug Safety (MFDS) carries out the registration of foreign establishment to ensure the safety of imported livestock products for human consumption pursuant to the Special Act on Imported Food Safety Management².

However, for items that are common between MAFRA and MFDS including meat, etc., existing method for approval of foreign establishment conducted by the MAFRA will be maintained to prevent confusion, and onsite inspection will be conducted jointly to minimize any burden on the exporting country.

* During the joint onsite inspection, the MAFRA will inspect the areas of animal diseases, and the MFDS will inspect the areas of sanitation and safety of livestock products.



Q 5. Will the Establishment Producing Livestock Products That Are Not Subject to Quarantine Be Registered?

Answer

Although foreign establishments exporting sterilized meat products such as canned food, ham, etc.; milk products such as cheese, butter, etc.; egg products such as whole egg powder, etc. are not subject to approval of foreign establishment pursuant to the Act on the Prevention of Contagious Animal Diseases, they are subject to registration of foreign establishment according to the Special Act. Thus, they must be registered to the Ministry of Food and Drug Safety before reporting the import of corresponding livestock products.

Q 6. What Are the Regulatory Measures for Foreign Establishments?

Answer

If an illegal act is confirmed at a registered foreign establishment, proper measures may be taken including requesting the government of the exporting country for correction, suspending the import of livestock products, cancelling the registration of a foreign establishment, etc.

* Attachment 3: The Enforcement Rule of the Special Act on Imported Food Safety Management, [Appendix 6] Standards for Cancellation of Registration of Foreign Establishment, etc.

In such cases, the Ministry of Food and Drug Safety will notify the government of the exporting country the measures such as the suspension of import, etc., and the beginning date of import suspension will be based on the date of shipment from the exporting country.

* If the import suspension date notified by the MFDS is February 1, 2016, products that are shipped from the exporting country beginning February 1, 2016 will not be permitted for import declaration.

03

Submitting Exporting Country's Health Certificate for Import Declaration

Beginning February 4, 2016, Health Certificate Must Be Submitted When Reporting the Import of Livestock Products.

Q1. Which Certificates Need to Be Submitted According to the Enforcement of the Special Act?

Answer

Beginning February 4, 2016, health certificate for export and the certificate for non-infection of Bovine Spongiform Entephalopathy (BSE) must be submitted when reporting the import of livestock products.

The certificate must be an original or a duplicate issued by the government of the exporting (producing) country. And if it is written in the country's native language other than English, notarized translation in Korean or English may be requested to be attached.

In addition, when submitting a health certificate for export that includes contents about non-infection of Bovine Spongiform Entephalopathy (BSE), the certificate for non-infection of Bovine Spongiform Entephalopathy (BSE) may not need to be submitted.



Q 2. For Designated Quarantine Objects, Can Quarantine Certificate Be Submitted Instead of Sanitation Certificate?

Answer

Import health requirements and export quarantine certificate implemented according to the Act on the Prevention of Contagious Animal Diseases before the Special Act is enforced are considered to be in accordance with the Special Act,

Therefore, an original copy of the quarantine certificate agreed upon prior to the enforcement of the Special Act or a copy of the quarantine certificate submitted to the Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency may be submitted to the Ministry of Food and Drug Safety instead of the health certificate for export.

Q 3. If a Livestock Product Has an Import History Prior to the Enforcement of the Special Act, but No Health Certificate That Is Agreed Upon Between the Countries, What Steps Can be Followed?

Answer

When reporting the import of a livestock product from a country or region that is allowed for import pursuant to the Livestock Products Sanitary Control Act before the implementation of the Special Act, the health certificate for export issued by the exporting country must be submitted beginning from when an agreement is made regarding the form of health certificate for export (Expected date: August 2016).

Q 4. When Reporting the Import of Livestock Products, Which Documents Need to Be Submitted in Addition to the Health Certificate For Export and the Certificate for Non-Infection of Bovine Spongiform Entephalopathy (BSE)?

Answer

Documents that need to be submitted in addition to the documents mentioned above are as follows:

- (1) Wrapping paper with a labelling in Korean (including a wrapping paper that has a sticker printed with a Korean labelling) or a document that indicates the Korean labelling.
- (2) Test and inspection report issued from a detailed examination by an overseas test/inspection organization pursuant to the Article 8 of the Act on Test, Inspection, etc. of Food and Drugs. (Applies to imported foods, etc. that are subject to a detailed examination pursuant to Clause 2, C in Appendix 9.)
- (3) Separate distribution certificate [Refers to a document which verifies that the product was classified and managed separately from genetically modified food (Among agricultural, livestock, and fishery products that are grown and cultivated with GMO technology, food products that are tested for safety. The same applies below.) during the handling procedure including seed purchase, production, manufacture, storage, selection, transportation, shipping, etc.]. or a certificate issued by the government of the producing country recognizing an equivalent effect (Only applies to food that is subject of a GMO label but does not have a GMO food label).
- (4) Export Plan (Specific plan after bringing the product into the Republic of Korea must be recorded, and only applicable to cases when the purpose of import is to obtain foreign currencies.)
- (5) Copy of an approval and licensing document including business license, etc. or a copy of manufactured items report (Only applies when importing as an ingredient to obtain foreign currencies or to manufacture the company's own product pursuant to the Foreign Trade Act. Not applicable when verification can be made electronically.)
- (6) Copy of certificates for Halal certified food (refers to food that is certified by an institution in accordance with the Article 8, Section 1, Clause 6, D of the Enforcement Rules of the Food Sanitation Act, as a food which may be eaten by the Islam followers. The same applies below.), or Halal certified livestock products (refers to livestock products that are certified by an institution in accordance with the Article 52, Section 1, Clause 8, D of the Enforcement Rules of the Livestock Products Sanitary Control Act, that may be eaten by the Islam followers. The same applies below.) (Only applies when labelling or advertizing Halal certified food or Halal certified livestock products.)
- (7) Document that is recognized as necessary by the Minister of the MFDS per hazard information to ensure safety of imported food, etc. such as the test report for dioxin residues, document related to GMO safety, etc.

Countries (Regions) Allowed for Import of Livestock Products and Import Health Requirements

[Appendix]

Livestock Products Allowed for Import from Each Exporting Country or Region (Regarding Article 3)

1. As a livestock product corresponding to the designated quarantine objects pursuant to the Article 31 of 「the Act on the Prevention of Contagious Animal Diseases」, it refers to livestock products produced in a country or region that is not prohibited for import according to the Article 32, Section 1 of 「the Act on the Prevention of Contagious Animal Diseases」 before 「the Special Act on Imported Food Safety Management」 was enforced.
2. Among livestock products that do not correspond to Clause 1, livestock products from a country or region that are allowed for import pursuant to 「the Livestock Products Sanitary Control Act」 prior to the implementation of 「the Special Act on Imported Food Safety Management」 are as follows:

A. Meat products

| Country or Region | Product types | Note |
|-------------------|--|------|
| Netherlands | Bacon, Hams | |
| New Zealand | Dry stored meats, Ground meat products, Sausages, Edible beef tallow, Meat extracted products, Seasoned meats | |
| Denmark | Dry stored meats, Bacon, Ground meat products, Sausages, Meat extracted products, Hams | |
| Germany | Sausages | |
| Mexico | Meat extracted products, Packaged meats | |
| Mongolia | Dry stored meats, Ground meat products, Meat extracted products | |
| U.S.A | Rib products, Dry stored meats, Bacon, Ground meat products, Sausages, Edible pork tallow, Edible beef tallow, Meat extracted products, Seasoned meats, Packaged meats, Hams | |
| Vietnam | Meat extracted products | |
| Belgium | Hams | |
| Belarus | Meat extracted products, Seasoned meats | |
| North Korea | Meat extracted products | |
| Brazil | Ground meat products, Meat extracted products, Hams | |
| Sweden | Ground meat products, Sausages, Meat extracted products | |
| Spain | Dry stored meats, Bacon, Ground meat products, Sausages, Seasoned meats, Hams | |
| Singapore | Hams | |
| Argentina | Dry stored meats, Ground meat products, Sausages, Meat extracted products | |
| United Kingdom | Ground meat products | |
| Uruguay | Meat extracted products, Hams | |
| Italy | Bacon, Ground meat products, Sausages, Hams | |
| India | Meat extracted products | |
| Indonesia | Meat extracted products, Hams | |
| Japan | Meat extracted products, Hams | |
| China | Rib products, Dry stored meats, Bacon, Ground meat products, Sausages, Seasoned meats, Packaged meats, Hams | |
| Chile | Sausages, Hams | |
| Canada | Dry stored meats, Bacon, Ground meat products, Sausages, Seasoned meats, Hams | |
| Colombia | Meat extracted products | |
| Thailand | Ground meat products, Meat extracted products, Seasoned meats, Hams | |
| Paraguay | Meat extracted products | |
| Poland | Bacon, Ground meat products, Sausages, Hams | |
| France | Ground meat products, Sausages, Meat extracted products, Seasoned meats, Packaged meats, Hams | |
| Finland | Sausages | |
| Philippines | Ground meat products, Sausages, Seasoned meats, Hams | |
| Hungary | Bacon, Sausages | |
| Australia | Rib products, Dry stored meats, Bacon, Ground meat products, Sausages, Edible beef tallow, Meat extracted products, Seasoned meats, Packaged meats, Hams | |

* For meat products that use beef, goat and sheep meat, and venison as a raw material, the raw materials should be imported from countries or regions allowed for import.

B. Milk products

| Country or Region | Product types | Note |
|-------------------|---|------|
| Greece | Processed cheese, Fermented milks, Ice creams, Natural cheese | |
| South Africa | Ice creams | |
| Netherlands | Processed cheese, Concentrated milks, Butters, Buttermilks, Milk powders, Ice creams, Ice cream mixes, Ice cream powder types, Hydrolyzed milk protein products, Lactose, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese, Infant formulas | |
| Norway | Processed cheese, Milk powders, Wheys, Natural cheese | |
| New Zealand | Processed cheese, Butters, Buttermilks, Milk powders, Ice creams, Ice cream powder types, Hydrolyzed milk protein products, Lactose, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese, Infant formulas | |
| Taiwan | Processed milks, Ice creams | |
| Denmark | Processed cheese, Fermented milks, Butters, Milk powders, Hydrolyzed milk protein products, Lactose, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese, Infant formulas | |
| Germany | Processed milks, Processed cheese, Fermented milks, Butters, Buttermilks, Milk powders, Ice creams, Ice cream mixes, Ice cream powder types, Milks, Hydrolyzed milk protein products, Lactose, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese, Low-fat milks, Infant formulas | |
| Latvia | Wheys | |
| Russia | Butters, Milk powders, Lactose, Ice creams | |
| Luxembourg | Milk creams | |

| Country or Region | Product types | Note |
|----------------------|---|------------------------|
| Lithuania | Processed cheese, Butters, Milk powders, Ice creams, Lactose, Wheys, Natural cheese | |
| Malaysia | Processed milks, Processed cheese, Butters, Milk powders, Ice creams | |
| Mexico | Butters, Ice creams, Wheys, Natural cheese | |
| U.S.A | Processed milks, Processed cheese, Concentrated milks, Fermented milks, Butters, Buttermilks, Milk powders, Ice creams, Ice cream mixes, Ice cream powder types, Milks, Hydrolyzed milk protein products, Lactose, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese, Low-fat milks, Infant formulas | |
| Bangladesh | Butters | |
| Belgium | Processed milks, Processed cheese, Butters, Buttermilks, Milk powders, Ice creams, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese, Low-fat milks | |
| Bulgaria | Natural cheese | |
| Brazil | Processed cheese, Ice creams, Natural cheese | |
| Saudi Arabia | Processed cheese | |
| Cyprus | Milk creams, Natural cheese | |
| Sweden | Milk powders, Wheys, Natural cheese | |
| Switzerland | Processed milks, Processed cheese, Milk powders, Ice creams, Natural cheese, Infant formulas | |
| Spain | Processed milks, Processed cheese, Butters, Milk powders, Ice creams, Ice cream mixes, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese | |
| Slovakia | Milk creams | |
| Singapore | Processed milks, Processed cheese, Butters, Milk powders, Ice creams, Wheys | |
| United Arab Emirates | Butters | |
| Aruba | Milk powders | *Netherlands territory |
| Argentina | Processed cheese, Butters, Milk powders, Milks, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese | |
| Ireland | Processed cheese, Butters, Milk powders, Ice cream mixes, Hydrolyzed milk protein products, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese, Infant formulas | |
| Estonia | Butters, Milk powders, Wheys, Natural cheese | |
| Ecuador | Natural cheese | |
| United Kingdom | Processed cheese, Fermented milks, Butters, Milk powders, Ice creams, Milks, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese | |
| Austria | Processed cheese, Fermented milks, Milk powders, Lactose, Wheys, Natural cheese, Infant formulas | |
| Uruguay | Butters, Milk powders, Milks, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese | |
| Ukraine | Milk powders, Lactose, Wheys, Concentrated milks | |
| Israel | Lactose | |
| Italy | Processed milks, Processed cheese, Butters, Milk powders, Ice creams, Ice cream mixes, Ice cream powder types, Milks, Lactose, Milk creams, Natural cheese | |
| India | Butters, Milk powders, Lactose, Wheys, Natural cheese | |
| Japan | Processed milks, Processed cheese, Concentrated milks, Butters, Milk powders, Ice creams, Ice cream mixes, Hydrolyzed milk protein products, Lactose, Milk creams, Natural cheese, Infant formulas | |
| China | Processed milks, Butters, Milk powders, Ice creams, Milk creams | |
| Czech | Processed cheese, Milk powders, Wheys | |
| Chile | Concentrated milks, Milk powders, Wheys, Natural cheese | |
| Kazakhstan | Natural cheese | |
| Canada | Processed cheese, Fermented milks, Butters, Milk powders, Ice creams, Lactose, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese, Infant formulas | |
| Croatia | Natural cheese | |
| Thailand | Ice creams | |
| Turkey | Ice creams, Lactose, Wheys, Natural cheese | |
| Pakistan | Butters, Milk powders | |
| Portugal | Milks | |
| Poland | Processed cheese, Fermented milks, Butters, Milk powders, Ice creams, Milks, Wheys, Natural cheese | |
| France | Processed milks, Processed cheese, Fermented milks, Butters, Milk powders, Ice creams, Ice cream mixes, Ice cream powder types, Hydrolyzed milk protein products, Lactose, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese, Low-fat milks, Infant formulas | |
| Finland | Processed cheese, Milk powders, Wheys, Natural cheese | |
| Philippines | Processed milks, Processed cheese, Milk powders, Ice creams, Milk creams | |
| Hungary | Processed cheese | |
| Australia | Processed cheese, Concentrated milks, Fermented milks, Butters, Buttermilks, Milk powders, Ice creams, Ice cream powder types, Milks, Hydrolyzed milk protein products, Lactose, Wheys, Milk creams, Natural cheese, Low-fat milks, Infant formulas | |
| Hong Kong | Ice creams | |

* Of natural cheeses made from unpasteurized raw milk or milk products, the product specified in the Appendix 1 of the Processing Standards and Ingredient Specifications for Livestock Products shall be only allowed to import.

C. Egg products

| Country or Region | Product types | Country or Region | Product types |
|-------------------|--|-------------------|---|
| Netherlands | Egg white powder, Liquid white, Yolk powder, Whole egg powder | Spain | Egg white powder |
| Taiwan | Pidan | Ukraine | Egg white powder, Yolk powder, Whole egg powder |
| Denmark | Egg white powder, Yolk powder, Whole egg powder | Italy | Egg white powder, Yolk powder, Whole egg powder |
| Germany | Egg white powder, Liquid white, Yolk powder | India | Egg white powder, Yolk powder, Whole egg powder, Whole egg liquid |
| Latvia | Liquid yolk | Japan | Egg white powder, Yolk powder, Liquid yolk |
| Malaysia | Liquid white, Liquid yolk, Whole egg liquid | China | Egg white powder, Yolk powder, Liquid yolk, Heat-formed products, Salted egg, Whole egg powder, Whole egg liquid, Pidan |
| Mexico | Liquid yolk | Canada | Egg white powder, Yolk powder, Liquid yolk, Whole egg powder, Whole egg liquid |
| U.S.A | Egg white powder, Yolk powder, Liquid yolk, Heat-formed products, Whole egg powder | Thailand | Liquid yolk, Pidan |
| Belgium | Egg white powder, Liquid white, Yolk powder | Peru | Egg white powder |
| Sweden | Egg white powder, Yolk powder, Whole egg powder | France | Egg white powder, Liquid white, Yolk powder, Liquid yolk, Whole egg powder |
| Switzerland | Liquid yolk | | |

* 붙임 2 수입식품안전관리 특별법 시행규칙 [별지 제16호서식]

| | |
|--------------|---|
| 해외작업장 | <input type="checkbox"/> 등록신청서 Application for Registration of Foreign Establishment |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 변경등록신청서 Application for Updating Registration of Foreign Establishment |

※ []에는 해당되는 곳에 √표를 합니다. Check the applicable brackets.

(인터넷으로 구매를 대행하여 수입하는 경우는 제외 Business of online purchasing of imported food, etc by proxy is excluded from registration)

(앞쪽 Front page)

| | |
|---|--|
| 접수번호 Receipt number | 접수일자 Date of receipt 년 year 월 month 일 day |
| 등록번호(변경등록인 경우) Registration number (For update of registered information or cancellation of registration) | |

| | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 일반정보 General Information | 작업장 명칭 Name of Establishment | 대표자 Representative |
| | 등록번호 EST No. or Registration Number | 승인일자 Date of approval |
| | 소재지 Address | |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| 등록유형 Type of Registration | <input type="checkbox"/> 최초등록 Initial registration |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 변경등록 Update of registered information |

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 작업장 현황 Status of Establishment | 위생책임자 Person in charge of sanitation | 이름 Name |
| | | 연락처 Phone Number including area code |
| | | 전자우편 E-mail |
| | 업종 Type of business | <input type="checkbox"/> 도축장 Slaughterhouse <input type="checkbox"/> 식육포장처리장 Meat cutting and packaging plant <input type="checkbox"/> 식육포장처리장 Shell egg packaging plant <input type="checkbox"/> 식육가공장 Meat processing plant <input type="checkbox"/> 유가공장 Milk processing plant <input type="checkbox"/> 알가공장 Egg processing plant <input type="checkbox"/> 식육보관장 Meat storage house |
| 식품안전에 관한 관리시스템 적용 여부 Whether a food safety management system applies to the item information below, If applicable | <input type="checkbox"/> 적용 안함 No <input type="checkbox"/> 적용 Yes ※ 적용하면 그 시스템을 선택 If "Yes", check as applicable or specify the system <input type="checkbox"/> HACCP <input type="checkbox"/> ISO 22000 <input type="checkbox"/> 기타 Other () ※ 인증기관의 인증 여부 Whether to be certified by a certification body <input type="checkbox"/> 없음 No <input type="checkbox"/> 있음 Yes ※ 인증기관의 인증을 받았다면 그 정보를 제공 If "Yes", provide the following information ■ 인증명 Title of certification () ■ 인증일 Certification date () ■ 인증기관 Certification body () ■ 만료일 Expiration date () | |
| 축종 또는 주원료 Species of livestock or main ingredients | | |

| | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 품목정보 Item Information | 식육 및 그 부산물 Meat and meat by-products | <input type="checkbox"/> 쇠고기 및 부산물 Beef, veal, and beef or veal by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 돼지고기 및 부산물 Pork and pork by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 말고기 및 부산물 Horse meat and horse by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 면양육 및 부산물 Mutton, lambmutton, and mutton by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 산양육 및 부산물 Goat meat and goat by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 사슴고기 및 부산물 Venison and venison by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 당나귀고기 및 부산물 Donkey meat and donkey by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 토끼육 및 부산물 Rabbit meat and rabbit by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 닭고기 및 부산물 Chicken and chicken by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 오리고기 및 부산물 Duck meat and duck by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 칠면조육 및 부산물 Turkey meat and turkey by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 거위고기 및 부산물 Goose meat and goose by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 메추리고기 및 부산물 Quail meat and quail by-products <input type="checkbox"/> 꿩고기 및 부산물 Pheasant meat and pheasant by-products |
| | 알 Shell eggs | <input type="checkbox"/> 계란 Chicken eggs <input type="checkbox"/> 오리알 Duck eggs <input type="checkbox"/> 메추리알 Quail eggs |
| | 축산물가공품 Processed livestock products | <input type="checkbox"/> 식육가공품 Processed meat products <input type="checkbox"/> 유가공품 Processed milk products <input type="checkbox"/> 알가공품 Processed egg products |

식품의약품안전처장이 필요하다고 판단하는 경우에 업소를 방문하여 점검할 수 있다는 것에 대한 동의
 The applicant agrees that if the Minister of Food and Drug Safety deems it necessary, he/she may visit and inspect the applicant's establishment.

상기 정보가 사실과 다르지 않다는 것을 확인
 The applicant certifies that the above information is true and accurate.

「수입식품안전관리 특별법」 제12조 및 같은 법 시행규칙 제12조제1항 및 제13조제1항에 따라 위와 같이 등록(변경등록)을 신청합니다.
 In accordance with Article 12 of the Special Act on Imported Food Safety Control and Articles 12 (1) and 13 (1) of the same Act, I hereby apply for registration (update of registered information) of registration.

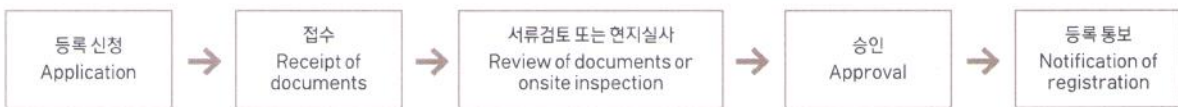
년 year 월 month 일 day

신청인 Applicant

(서명 또는 인)
signature or seal

식품의약품안전처장 귀하
To the Minister of Food and Drug Safety, Republic of Korea

처리절차 Procedure



신청인 Applicant

식품의약품안전처 Ministry of Food and Drug Safety

* Attachment 3. The Enforcement Rule of the Special Act on Imported Food Safety Management, [Appendix 6] Standards for Cancellation of Registration of Foreign Establishment, etc.

Standards for Cancellation of Registration of Foreign Establishment, etc.
(Regarding Article 14, Section 1)

| Violation | Relevant Law | Measures to be taken |
|--|--|------------------------------|
| 1. Registration is made through a false or other illegal methods. | Article 13, Section 1, Clause 1 of the Act | Cancellation of registration |
| 2. Registration of changes according to the latter part of the Article 12, Section 1 of the Act is carried out falsely. | Article 13, Section 1, Clause 2 of the Act | Cancellation of registration |
| 3. Refuses onsite inspection pursuant to Article 12, Section 2 of the Act. | Article 13, Section 1, Clause 3 of the Act | Suspension of import |
| 4. Result of the onsite inspection pursuant to Article 12, Section 2 of the Act is determined to be inappropriate, and its degree is significant. | Article 13, Section 1, Clause 3 of the Act | Suspension of import |
| 5. Import health requirement is seriously violated including violating the residue limits for prohibited drugs designated and notified by the Minister of the Ministry of Food and Drug Safety, etc., and a residue of a material that is designated as suspension of import and notified by the Minister is detected. | Article 13, Section 1, Clause 4 of the Act | Suspension of import |
| 6. Livestock products produced in a foreign establishment is found to be harmful, or considered to have a risk by the Minister of the Ministry of Food and Drug Safety. And it is determined that suspension of import is necessary based on a review by the committee of livestock products sanitation pursuant to Article 3, Section 2 of 「the Livestock Products Sanitary Control Act」. | Article 13, Section 1, Clause 5 of the Act Article 13, Section 1, Clause 6 of the Act | Suspension of import |
| 7. Changes are not registered pursuant to the latter part of the Article 12, Section 1 of the Act. | Article 13, Section 1, Clause 2 of the Act | Correction order |
| 8. The result of the onsite inspection pursuant to Article 12, Section 2 of the Act is determined to be inappropriate, and its degree is minimal. | Article 13, Section 1, Clause 3 of the Act | Correction order |
| 9. Correction is not made within 60 days from the notification date for correction order resulting from a violation of Clauses 7 and 8 (30-day extension can be requested for one time). | Article 13, Section 1, Clause 2,3 of the Act | Suspension of import |

